

Patent Claims

1. Method for the plastic deformation of polymers, characterized in that a polymer is treated with electromagnetic radiation having a wavelength in the range from 0.8 to 100 μm with simultaneous action of pressure and shearing and thermal energy.
- 10 2. Method according to Claim 1, characterized in that heat is supplied to the polymer or heat is removed from the polymer during the method.
- 15 3. Method according to Claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the electromagnetic radiation is laser radiation.
- 20 4. Method according to any of Claims 1 to 3, characterized in that the electromagnetic radiation has a wavelength in the range from 1 to 50 μm .
- 25 5. Method according to any of Claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the pressure acting on the polymer is in a range from 1 N/mm² to 5000 N/mm².
- 30 6. Method according to any of Claims 1 to 5, characterized in that the shearing is applied with a force or a torque such that a shear rate in the range from 10^0 to 10^6 s⁻¹ acts on the polymer.
7. Method according to any of Claims 1 to 6, characterized in that the polymer comprises a

polymer which can form intermolecular hydrogen bridge bonds.

8. Method according to Claim 7, characterized in that
5 the polymer which can form intermolecular hydrogen bridge bonds is a polysaccharide or polyvinyl alcohol.
9. Method according to Claim 8, characterized in that
10 the polymer which can form intermolecular hydrogen bridge bonds is cellulose, chitin, polyvinyl alcohol, a constitutional isomer of cellulose, a constitutional isomer of chitin or a blend of one or more of the above polymers.
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10. Method according to Claim 9, characterized in that the polymer which can form intermolecular hydrogen bridge bonds is cellulose.
- 20 11. Method according to any of Claims 1 to 10, characterized in that the polymer is melted by means of electromagnetic radiation having a wavelength in the range from 0.8 to 100 μm under the simultaneous action of pressure and shearing and thermal energy and is then extruded in a manner known per se to give films, spun to give fibres or processed by injection moulding to give a moulding.
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- 30 12. Apparatus for carrying out the method according to any of Claims 1 to 11, characterized in that it comprises means for holding a polymer, means for exerting pressure on the polymer, means for

shearing the polymer, means for supplying or removing heat and means for irradiating the polymer with electromagnetic radiation having a wavelength of from 0.8 to 100 μm .

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13. Apparatus according to Claim 12, characterized in that the means for irradiating the polymer with electromagnetic radiation having a wavelength of from 0.8 to 100 μm is a laser.

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14. Apparatus according to Claim 12 or 13, characterized in that the means for shearing the polymer comprises two ram surfaces movable relative to one another.

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15. Apparatus according to Claims 12 to 14, characterized in that the means for exerting pressure on the polymer are also simultaneously the means by which the polymer is sheared.

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16. Polymer comprising cellulose or chitin, obtainable by the method according to any of Claims 1 to 11.

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17. Polymer according to Claim 16, characterized in that it is present as a film, fibre or moulding.